

Multi-field G-inflation



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Outline



- Most general scalar-tensor theory with 2nd-order EoM & candidate of its multi-scalar field extension:
Generalized covariant multi-Galileon
- Cosmological perturbations
- Comparison with Multi-DBI inflation
 - Multi-DBI inflation $\not\sim$ Gen. Cov. Multi-Galileon

Generalized Covariant Galileon



- Generalized Galileon [Horndeski 1974]

Most general scalar-gravity theory with 2nd order EoMs

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_2 &= G_2(X, \phi) && \left[X \equiv -\frac{1}{2} (\nabla\phi)^2 \right] \\ \mathcal{L}_3 &= -G_3(X, \phi) \square\phi \\ \mathcal{L}_4 &= G_4(X, \phi) R + \frac{\partial G_4}{\partial X} \left[(\square\phi)^2 - (\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^2 \right] \\ \mathcal{L}_5 &= G_5(X, \phi) G^{\mu\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\partial G_5}{\partial X} \left[(\square\phi)^3 - 3\square\phi (\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^2 + 2 (\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^3 \right]\end{aligned}$$

Generalized Covariant **Multi-Galileon**



- Single scalar $\phi \rightarrow$ **Multi scalar** ϕ^I [Padilla & Sivanesan 2012]

$$X \equiv -\frac{1}{2} (\nabla\phi)^2 \quad \rightarrow \quad X^{IJ} = -\frac{1}{2} \nabla_\mu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \phi^J$$

$$\mathcal{L}_2 = G_2(X, \phi) \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_2 = G_2(X^{IJ}, \phi^K)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_3 = -G_3(X, \phi) \square\phi \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_3 = -G_{3L}(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) \square\phi^L$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_4 = G_4(X, \phi) R & \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_4 = G_4(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) R \\ + \frac{\partial G_4}{\partial X} [(\square\phi)^2 - (\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^2] & \quad \rightarrow \quad + \frac{\partial G_4}{\partial X^{IJ}} [\square\phi^I \square\phi^J - \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \nabla^\nu \phi^J] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_5 = G_5(X, \phi) G^{\mu\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi & \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_5 = G_{5L}(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) G^{\mu\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^L \\ - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\partial G_5}{\partial X} [(\square\phi)^3 - 3\square\phi (\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^2 + 2(\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^3] & \quad \rightarrow \quad - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\partial G_{5I}}{\partial X^{JK}} [\square\phi^I \square\phi^J \square\phi^K - \dots] \end{aligned}$$

Generalized Covariant **Multi-Galileon**



- Single scalar $\phi \rightarrow$ **Multi scalar** ϕ^I [Padilla & Sivanesan 2012]

To keep EoMs 2nd order,

$$\frac{\partial G_{3I}}{\partial X^{JK}}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 G_4}{\partial X^{IJ} \partial X^{KL}}, \quad \frac{\partial G_{5I}}{\partial X^{JK}}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 G_{5I}}{\partial X^{JK} \partial X^{LM}}$$

must be symmetric w.r.t. I, J, K, L, M

$$\mathcal{L}_3 = -G_3(X, \phi) \square\phi \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_3 = -G_{3L}(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) \square\phi^L$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_4 = G_4(X, \phi) R \\ + \frac{\partial G_4}{\partial X} \left[(\square\phi)^2 - (\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^2 \right] \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_4 = G_4(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) R \\ + \frac{\partial G_4}{\partial X^{IJ}} \left[\square\phi^I \square\phi^J - \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \nabla^\nu \phi^J \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_5 = G_5(X, \phi) G^{\mu\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi \\ - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\partial G_5}{\partial X} \left[(\square\phi)^3 - 3\square\phi (\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^2 + 2(\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^3 \right] \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_5 = G_{5L}(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) G^{\mu\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^L \\ - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\partial G_{5I}}{\partial X^{JK}} \left[\square\phi^I \square\phi^J \square\phi^K - \dots \right] \end{aligned}$$

Generalized Covariant **Multi-Galileon**



• Flat Friedmann background $ds^2 = -dt^2 + a(t)^2 \delta_{ij} dx^i dx^j$

• Friedmann eq: $\mathcal{E}(\phi^I, \dot{\phi}^J, H) = 0$, $\mathcal{P}(\phi^I, \dot{\phi}^J, \ddot{\phi}^K, H, \dot{H}) = 0$

• ϕ^I EoMs: $\frac{1}{a^3} \frac{d}{dt} (a^3 \mathcal{J}_I) = \frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial \phi^I}$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{E}(\phi^I, \dot{\phi}^J, H) = & 2X^{IJ} G_{2, \langle IJ \rangle} - G_2 + 6H \dot{\phi}^I X^{JK} G_{3IJK} - 2X^{IJ} G_{3I, J} \\ & - 6H^2 G_4 + 24H^2 X^{IJ} (G_{4IJ} + X^{KL} G_{4IJKL}) - 12H \dot{\phi}^I X^{JK} G_{4IJ, K} - 6H \dot{\phi}^I G_{4, I} \\ & + 2H^3 \dot{\phi}^I X^{JK} (5G_{5IJK} + 2X^{LM} G_{5IJKLM}) - 6H^2 X^{IJ} (3G_{5I, J} + 2X^{KL} G_{5IJK, L}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(\phi^I, \dot{\phi}^J, \ddot{\phi}^K, H, \dot{H}) = \tilde{\mathcal{P}}(\phi^I, \dot{\phi}^J, H) + \ddot{\phi}^K \mathcal{B}_K(\phi^I, \dot{\phi}^J, H) + 2\dot{H} \mathcal{G}_T(\phi^I, \dot{\phi}^J, H)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\mathcal{P}} := & G_2 - 2X^{IJ} G_{3I, J} + 6H^2 G_4 - 12H^2 X^{IJ} G_{4IJ} + 4H \dot{\phi}^I G_{4, I} + 4X^{IJ} G_{4, I, J} - 8HX^{IJ} \dot{\phi}^K G_{4IJ, K} \\ & - 4H^3 X^{IJ} \dot{\phi}^K G_{5IJK} - 4H^2 X^{IJ} X^{KL} G_{5IJK, L} + 6H^2 X^{IJ} G_{5I, J} + 4HX^{IJ} \dot{\phi}^K G_{5I, J, K}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{B}_I := & -2X^{JK} G_{3IJK} - 4H \dot{\phi}^J G_{4IJ} - 8HX^{JK} \dot{\phi}^L G_{4IJKL} + 2G_{4, I} + 4X^{JK} G_{4IJ, K} \\ & - 6H^2 X^{JK} G_{5IJK} - 4H^2 X^{JK} X^{LM} G_{5IJKLM} + 4HX^{JK} \dot{\phi}^L G_{5IJK, L} + 4H \dot{\phi}^J G_{5(I, J)}, \quad \mathcal{G}_T := 2 \left[G_4 - 2X^{IJ} G_{4IJ} - X^{IJ} (H \dot{\phi}^K G_{5IJK} - G_{5I, J}) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{J}_I := & \dot{\phi}^J G_{2, \langle IJ \rangle} + 6HX^{JK} G_{3IJK} - 2\dot{\phi}^J G_{3(I, J)} \\ & - 2HG_{4, I} + 2\dot{\phi}^J G_{4, I, J} + 6H^2 \dot{\phi}^J G_{4IJ} + 12H^2 \dot{\phi}^J X^{KL} G_{4IJKL} - 8HX^{JK} G_{4JK, I} - 12HX^{JK} G_{4IJ, K} \\ & - 6H^2 \dot{\phi}^J G_{5(I, J)} + 4HX^{JK} G_{5J, K, I} + 6H^3 X^{JK} G_{5IJK} - 6H^2 G_{5IJK, L} \dot{\phi}^J X^{KL} - 2H^2 \dot{\phi}^J X^{KL} G_{5JKL, I} \\ & + 4H^3 X^{JK} X^{KL} G_{5IJKLM}. \end{aligned}$$

Generalized Covariant **Multi-Galileon**



- Cosmological perturbations

$$ds^2 = -(1 + \alpha)^2 dt^2 + \gamma_{ij} (dx^i + \partial^i \beta dt) (dx^j + \partial^j \beta dt)$$

$$\phi^I = \phi_0^I(t) + Q^I(t, \vec{x}) \quad \gamma_{ij} = a^2 \left(\delta_{ij} + h_{ij} + \frac{1}{2} h_{ik} h_{kj} \right)$$

- Tensor perturbations

$$S_T^{(2)} = \frac{1}{8} \int dt d^3x a^3 \left[\mathcal{G}_T \dot{h}_{ij}^2 - \frac{\mathcal{F}_T}{a^2} \partial_k h_{ij} \partial_k h_{ij} \right]$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{F}_T = 2 \left[G_4 - X^{IJ} \left(\ddot{\phi}^K G_{5IJK} + G_{5I,J} \right) \right] \\ \mathcal{G}_T = 2 \left[G_4 - 2X^{IJ} G_{4IJ} - X^{IJ} \left(H \dot{\phi}^K G_{5IJK} - G_{5I,J} \right) \right] \end{array} \right.$$

Generalized Covariant **Multi-Galileon**



- Scalar perturbations

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} ds^2 &= -(1 + \alpha)^2 dt^2 + a^2 (dx_i + \partial_i \beta dt) (dx^i + \partial^i \beta dt) \\ \phi^I &= \phi_0^I(t) + Q^I(t, \vec{x}) \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$S_s^{(2)} = \int dt d^3x a^3 \left[\Sigma \alpha^2 - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \dot{\phi}^I} \dot{Q}^I \alpha - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \phi^I} Q^I \alpha - \frac{\mathcal{B}_I}{a^2} \partial^2 Q^I \alpha + \left(\mathcal{J}_I Q^I + \mathcal{B}_I \dot{Q}^I - 2\Theta \alpha \right) \frac{\partial^2 \beta}{a^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} \left(\mathcal{A}_{IJ} \dot{Q}^I \dot{Q}^J + \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{P}}{\partial \phi^I \partial \phi^J} Q^I Q^J \right) + \frac{\partial \mathcal{J}_J}{\partial \phi^I} Q^I \dot{Q}^J - \frac{1}{2a^2} \mathcal{C}_{IJ} \partial_i Q^I \partial^i Q^J \right]$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{IJ} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{J}_I}{\partial \dot{\phi}^J} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{J}_J}{\partial \dot{\phi}^I} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{B}_I}{\partial \phi^J} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{B}_J}{\partial \phi^I} \right) \quad \Theta = -\frac{1}{6} \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial H} \quad \Sigma = \frac{1}{2} \left(\dot{\phi}^I \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \dot{\phi}^I} + H \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial H} \right)$$

$$\mathcal{C}_{IJ} = G_{2,(IJ)} + (\ddot{\phi}^K + 3H\dot{\phi}^K) G_{3IJK} - 2G_{3(I,J)} + a^{-1} \partial_t [a\dot{\phi}^K G_{3IJK}] + (8H^2 + 6\dot{H}) G_{4IJ} + 6H (\dot{X}^{KL} + 2HX^{KL}) G_{4IJKL} - 4(\ddot{\phi}^K + 2H\dot{\phi}^K) G_{4K(I,J)} \\ + 2a^{-1} \partial_t [-aHG_{4IJ} + 4aHX^{KL} G_{4IJKL} - a\dot{\phi}^K G_{4IJK}] - 2(3H^2 + 2\dot{H}) G_{5(I,J)} + (3H^2 \ddot{\phi}^K + 5H^3 \dot{\phi}^K + 6H\dot{H} \dot{\phi}^K) G_{5IJK} \\ - 4H (\dot{X}^{KL} + HX^{KL}) G_{5K(L,I,J)} + (3H^2 \dot{X}^{KL} \dot{\phi}^M + 2H^3 X^{KL} \dot{\phi}^M) G_{5IJKLM} + a^{-1} \partial_t [-aH^2 \dot{\phi}^K G_{5IJK} - 4aHX^{KL} G_{5IJK,L} + 2aH^2 X^{KL} \dot{\phi}^M G_{5IJKLM}]$$

Multi-field DBI \subset Gen. Cov. Multi-Galileon?



- Single-field DBI inflation

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-\gamma} \left[-\frac{1}{f} + \frac{M^2}{2} R[\gamma] \right]$$

$$\text{with } \gamma_{\mu\nu} = g_{\mu\nu} + f \partial_\mu \phi \partial_\nu \phi$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{-\gamma} = \sqrt{-g} \sqrt{1 - 2fX} \quad \left[X \equiv -\frac{1}{2} (\nabla\phi)^2 \right] \\ \sqrt{-\gamma} R[\gamma] = \sqrt{-g} \left\{ \sqrt{1 - 2fX} R[g] - \frac{f}{\sqrt{1 - 2fX}} [(\square\phi)^2 - (\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^2] \right\} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} G_2 = -f^{-1} \sqrt{1 - 2fX} \\ G_4 = \sqrt{1 - 2fX} \end{array} \right.$$

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$$\text{with } \gamma_{\mu\nu} = g_{\mu\nu} + f \delta_{IJ} \partial_\mu \phi^I \partial_\nu \phi^J$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{-\gamma} = \sqrt{-g} \sqrt{\det(\delta_I^J - 2f X_I^J)} \quad \left(X^{IJ} = -\frac{1}{2} \nabla_\mu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \phi^J \right) \\ \sqrt{-\gamma} R[\gamma] = \sqrt{-g} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} * * * * * \end{array} \right\} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} G_2 = -f^{-1} \sqrt{\det(\delta_I^J - 2f X_I^J)} \\ G_4 = \dots \end{array} \right.$$

Multi-field DBI \subset Gen. Cov. Multi-Galileon?



- Multi-field DBI inflation

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-\gamma} \left[-\frac{1}{f} + \frac{M^2}{2} R[\gamma] \right]$$

$$\text{with } \gamma_{\mu\nu} = g_{\mu\nu} + f \delta_{IJ} \partial_\mu \phi^I \partial_\nu \phi^J$$

$$\sqrt{-\gamma} R[\gamma] = \sqrt{-g} \left[R[g] + f \mathcal{L}^{(1)} + f^2 \mathcal{L}^{(2)} + \mathcal{O}(f^3) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(1)} = -X R[g] - \delta_{IJ} (\square \phi^I \square \phi^J - \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \nabla^\nu \phi^J)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}^{(2)} = & -\frac{1}{6} (X^2 + 2X_{IJ} X^{IJ}) R - \frac{1}{3} (X \delta_{IJ} + 2X_{IJ}) (\square \phi^I \square \phi^J - \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \nabla^\nu \phi^J) \\ & + \frac{1}{3} L^{\mu\alpha\nu\beta} \partial_\mu \phi_I \partial_\nu \phi^I \partial_\alpha \phi_J \partial_\beta \phi^J \end{aligned}$$

Multi-field DBI \subset Gen. Cov. Multi-Galileon?



- Multi-field DBI inflation

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-\gamma} \left[-\frac{1}{\epsilon} + \frac{M^2}{2} R[\gamma] \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} L^{\mu\alpha\nu\beta} &= \frac{1}{4} \epsilon^{\mu\alpha\rho\sigma} R_{\rho\sigma\xi\zeta} \epsilon^{\xi\zeta\nu\beta} \\ &= R^{\mu\alpha\nu\beta} + (R^{\mu\beta} g^{\nu\alpha} + R^{\nu\alpha} g^{\mu\beta} - R^{\mu\nu} g^{\alpha\beta} - R^{\alpha\beta} g^{\mu\nu}) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} R (g^{\mu\nu} g^{\alpha\beta} - g^{\mu\beta} g^{\nu\alpha}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}^{(2)} &= -\frac{1}{6} (\nabla^2 + 2X_{IJ} X^{IJ}) R - \frac{1}{3} (X \delta_{IJ} + 2X_{IJ}) (\square \phi^I \square \phi^J - \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \nabla^\nu \phi^J) \\ &\quad + L^{\mu\alpha\nu\beta} \partial_\mu \phi_I \partial_\nu \phi^I \partial_\alpha \phi_J \partial_\beta \phi^J \end{aligned}$$

Multi-field DBI \subset Gen. Cov. Multi-Galileon?



- Multi-field DBI inflation

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-\gamma} \left[-\frac{1}{f} + \frac{M^2}{2} R[\gamma] \right]$$

$$\therefore \frac{\sqrt{-\gamma} R[\gamma]}{\sqrt{-g}} = G_4(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) R + \frac{\partial G_4}{\partial X^{IJ}} [\square\phi^I \square\phi^J - \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \nabla^\nu \phi^J] + \mathcal{L}_*$$

with

$$G_4 = 1 - f \delta_{IJ} X^{IJ} - \frac{f^2}{6} (\delta_{IJ} \delta_{KL} + \delta_{IK} \delta_{JL} + \delta_{IL} \delta_{JK}) X^{IJ} X^{KL} + \mathcal{O}(f^3)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_* = \frac{f^2}{3} \delta_{IJ} \delta_{KL} L^{\mu\alpha\nu\beta} \partial_\mu \phi^I \partial_\nu \phi^J \partial_\alpha \phi^K \partial_\beta \phi^L + \mathcal{O}(f^3)$$

Generalized Covariant **Multi-Galileon**



- Single scalar $\phi \rightarrow$ **Multi scalar** ϕ^I [Padilla & Sivanesan 2012]

$$X \equiv -\frac{1}{2} (\nabla\phi)^2 \quad \rightarrow \quad X^{IJ} = -\frac{1}{2} \nabla_\mu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \phi^J$$

$$\mathcal{L}_2 = G_2(X, \phi) \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_2 = G_2(X^{IJ}, \phi^K)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_3 = -G_3(X, \phi) \square\phi \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_3 = -G_{3L}(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) \square\phi^L$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_4 = G_4(X, \phi) R & \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_4 = G_4(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) R \\ + \frac{\partial G_4}{\partial X} [(\square\phi)^2 - (\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^2] & \quad \rightarrow \quad + \frac{\partial G_4}{\partial X^{IJ}} [\square\phi^I \square\phi^J - \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \nabla^\nu \phi^J] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_5 = G_5(X, \phi) G^{\mu\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi & \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L}_5 = G_{5L}(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) G^{\mu\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^L \\ - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\partial G_5}{\partial X} [(\square\phi)^3 - 3\square\phi (\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^2 + 2(\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi)^3] & \quad \rightarrow \quad - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\partial G_{5I}}{\partial X^{JK}} [\square\phi^I \square\phi^J \square\phi^K - \dots] \end{aligned}$$

Multi-field DBI \subset Gen. Cov. Multi-Galileon?



- Multi-field DBI \subset Gen. Covariant Multi-Galileon ?

$$\mathcal{L}_* = \frac{f^2}{3} \delta_{IJ} \delta_{KL} \mathcal{L}^{\mu\alpha\nu\beta} \partial_\mu \phi^I \partial_\nu \phi^J \partial_\alpha \phi^K \partial_\beta \phi^L + \mathcal{O}(f^3)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{4}{3} f^2 H^2 (X_{IJ} - \delta_{IJ} X) \partial_i Q^I \partial^i Q^J + \mathcal{O}(f^3)$$

$$S_s^{(2)} = \int dt d^3x a^3 \left[\Sigma \alpha^2 - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \dot{\phi}^I} \dot{Q}^I \alpha - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \phi^I} Q^I \alpha - \frac{\mathcal{B}_I}{a^2} \partial^2 Q^I \alpha + \left(\mathcal{J}_I Q^I + \mathcal{B}_I \dot{Q}^I - 2\Theta \alpha \right) \frac{\partial^2 \beta}{a^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} \left(\mathcal{A}_{IJ} \dot{Q}^I \dot{Q}^J + \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{P}}{\partial \phi^I \partial \phi^J} Q^I Q^J \right) + \frac{\partial \mathcal{J}_J}{\partial \phi^I} Q^I \dot{Q}^J - \frac{1}{2a^2} \mathcal{C}_{IJ} \partial_i Q^I \partial^i Q^J \right]$$

$$\mathcal{C}_{IJ} \supset H^2 (6G_{4IJ} + 20X^{KL} G_{4IJKL} - 6G_{5(I,J)} \\ - 4X^{KL} G_{5KL(I,J)} - 6X^{KL} G_{5IJK,L} + 4X^{KL} X^{MN} G_{5IJKLM,N})$$

Multi-field DBI \subset Gen. Cov. Multi-Galileon?



- Multi-field DBI \subset Gen. Covariant Multi-Galileon ?

To keep EoMs 2nd order,

$$\frac{\partial G_{3I}}{\partial X^{JK}}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 G_4}{\partial X^{IJ} \partial X^{KL}}, \quad \frac{\partial G_{5I}}{\partial X^{JK}}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 G_{5I}}{\partial X^{JK} \partial X^{LM}}$$

must be symmetric w.r.t. I, J, K, L, M

$$\Rightarrow G_{4IJ}, G_{5(I,J)} \supset (\delta_{IJ} \delta_{KL} + \delta_{IK} \delta_{JL} + \delta_{IL} \delta_{JK}) X^{KL}$$

$$S_s^{(2)} = \int dt d^3x a^3 \left[\Sigma \alpha^2 - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \dot{\phi}^I} \dot{Q}^I \alpha - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \phi^I} Q^I \alpha - \frac{\mathcal{B}_I}{a^2} \partial^2 Q^I \alpha + (\mathcal{J}_I Q^I + \mathcal{B}_I \dot{Q}^I - 2\Theta \alpha) \frac{\partial^2 \beta}{a^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} \left(\mathcal{A}_{IJ} \dot{Q}^I \dot{Q}^J + \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{P}}{\partial \phi^I \partial \phi^J} Q^I Q^J \right) + \frac{\partial \mathcal{J}_J}{\partial \phi^I} Q^I \dot{Q}^J - \frac{1}{2a^2} \mathcal{C}_{IJ} \partial_i Q^I \partial^i Q^J \right]$$

$$\mathcal{C}_{IJ} \supset H^2 (6G_{4IJ} + 20X^{KL} G_{4IJKL} - 6G_{5(I,J)} \\ - 4X^{KL} G_{5KL(I,J)} - 6X^{KL} G_{5IJK,L} + 4X^{KL} X^{MN} G_{5IJKLM,N})$$

Multi-field DBI \subset Gen. Cov. Multi-Galileon?



- Multi-field DBI $\not\subset$ Gen. Covariant Multi-Galileon

$$\mathcal{L}_* = \frac{f^2}{3} \delta_{IJ} \delta_{KL} L^{\mu\alpha\nu\beta} \partial_\mu \phi^I \partial_\nu \phi^J \partial_\alpha \phi^K \partial_\beta \phi^L + \mathcal{O}(f^3)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{4}{3} f^2 H^2 (X_{IJ} - \delta_{IJ} X) \partial_i Q^I \partial^i Q^J + \mathcal{O}(f^3)$$

\neq

$$S_s^{(2)} = \int dt d^3x a^3 \left[\Sigma \alpha^2 - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \dot{\phi}^I} \dot{Q}^I \alpha - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \phi^I} Q^I \alpha - \frac{\mathcal{B}_I}{a^2} \partial^2 Q^I \alpha + \left(\mathcal{J}_I Q^I + \mathcal{B}_I \dot{Q}^I - 2\Theta \alpha \right) \frac{\partial^2 \beta}{a^2} \right]$$

$$G_{4IJ}, G_{5(I,J)} \supset (\delta_{IJ} \delta_{KL} + \delta_{IK} \delta_{JL} + \delta_{IL} \delta_{JK}) X^{KL}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_{IJ} \supset & H^2 (6G_{4IJ} + 20X^{KL} G_{4IJKL} - 6G_{5(I,J)} \\ & - 4X^{KL} G_{5KL(I,J)} - 6X^{KL} G_{5IJK,L} + 4X^{KL} X^{MN} G_{5IJKLM,N}) \end{aligned}$$

Multi-field DBI \subset Gen. Cov. Multi-Galileon?



- Most-general **vector-gravity** theory w/ 2nd-order EoM
[Horndeski 1976]

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[-\frac{M_{Pl}^2}{2} R - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4M^2} \mathbf{L}^{\mu\alpha\nu\beta} F_{\mu\nu} F_{\alpha\beta} \right]$$

- **Multi-field** DBI inflation

$$\mathcal{L} = G_4(X^{IJ}, \phi^K) R + \frac{\partial G_4}{\partial X^{IJ}} [\square\phi^I \square\phi^J - \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu \phi^I \nabla^\mu \nabla^\nu \phi^J] + \mathcal{L}_*$$

with

$$G_4 = 1 - f \delta_{IJ} X^{IJ} - \frac{f^2}{6} (\delta_{IJ} \delta_{KL} + \delta_{IK} \delta_{JL} + \delta_{IL} \delta_{JK}) X^{IJ} X^{KL} + \mathcal{O}(f^3)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_* = \frac{f^2}{3} \delta_{IJ} \delta_{KL} \mathbf{L}^{\mu\alpha\nu\beta} \partial_\mu \phi^I \partial_\nu \phi^J \partial_\alpha \phi^K \partial_\beta \phi^L + \mathcal{O}(f^3)$$

Summary



- Most general multi scalar-tensor theory w/ 2nd-order EoM:
Generalized Covariant multi-Galileon
 - Cosmological perturbations
 - Comparison with Multi-DBI inflation
→ Multi-DBI inflation $\not\subset$ Gen. Cov. multi-galleon
-
- Needs systematic approach to get most-general theory
 - Similarity with Vector Horndeski theory?
 - Application to cosmology



Two-field example ($I = 1, 2$)

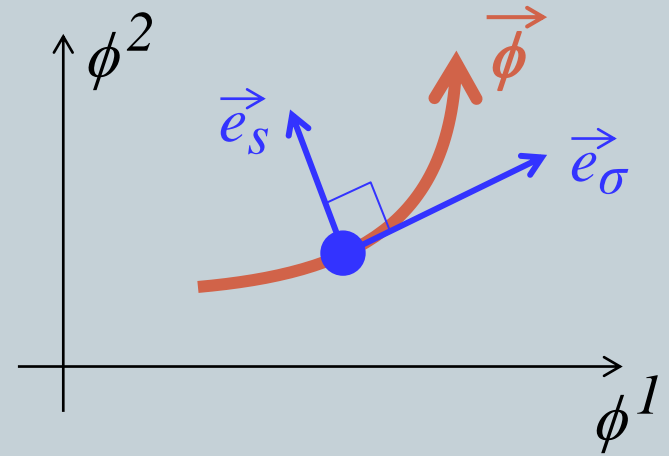


- Adiabatic & Entropy modes

$$Q^I = Q_\sigma e_\sigma^I + Q_s e_s^I$$

$$\mathcal{R} \equiv \frac{H}{|\dot{\phi}^I|} Q_\sigma$$

$$\mathcal{S} \equiv \frac{H}{|\dot{\phi}^I|} Q_s$$



$$\hookrightarrow S = \int dt d^3x a^3 \left[\mathcal{G}_s \dot{\mathcal{R}}^2 - \frac{\mathcal{F}_s}{a^2} (\partial \mathcal{R})^2 + \mathcal{L}_{SS} + \mathcal{L}_{RS} \right]$$

- \mathcal{S} is independent of \mathcal{R} ($k \rightarrow 0$)

$$\frac{\Theta \mathcal{G}_s}{\mathcal{G}_T} \dot{\mathcal{R}} \simeq I(\mathcal{S}, \dot{\mathcal{S}}) \quad (k \rightarrow 0)$$

Generalized **Multi-Galileon**



- Scalar perturbations

$$S_s^{(2)} = \int dt d^3x a^3 \left[\Sigma \alpha^2 - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \dot{\phi}^I} \dot{Q}^I \alpha - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \phi^I} Q^I \alpha - \frac{\mathcal{B}_I}{a^2} \partial^2 Q^I \alpha + \left(\mathcal{J}_I Q^I + \mathcal{B}_I \dot{Q}^I - 2\Theta \alpha \right) \frac{\partial^2 \beta}{a^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} \left(\mathcal{A}_{IJ} \dot{Q}^I \dot{Q}^J + \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{P}}{\partial \phi^I \partial \phi^J} Q^I Q^J \right) + \frac{\partial \mathcal{J}_J}{\partial \phi^I} Q^I \dot{Q}^J - \frac{1}{2a^2} \mathcal{C}_{IJ} \partial_i Q^I \partial^i Q^J \right]$$

α, β

$$0 = 2\Sigma \alpha - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \dot{\phi}^I} \dot{Q}^I - \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \phi^I} Q^I - \mathcal{B}_I \frac{\partial^2 Q^I}{a^2} - 2\Theta \frac{\partial^2 \beta}{a^2}$$

$$0 = \mathcal{J}_I Q^I + \mathcal{B}_I \dot{Q}^I - 2\Theta \alpha$$

$$S_s^{(2)} = \frac{1}{2} \int dt d^3x a^3 \left[\mathcal{K}_{IJ} \dot{Q}^I \dot{Q}^J - \frac{1}{a^2} \mathcal{D}_{IJ} \partial_i Q^I \partial^i Q^J - \mathcal{M}_{IJ} Q^I Q^J + 2\mathcal{N}_{IJ} Q^I \dot{Q}^J \right]$$