

DEUS SIMULATIONS: IMPRINTS OF DARK ENERGY ON THE PROFILE OF DARK MATTER HALOS

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NAVARRO, FRENK AND WHITE PROFILE

Phenomenological density profile from the simulations

$$\rho(r) = \frac{\rho_s}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{r_s}\right)^2}$$

concentration: $c = \frac{r_{200}}{r_s}$ How does c evolve with mass?

VAST LITERATURE

Navarro et al. 1997, Bullock et al. 2001, Zhao et al. 2003, 2009, Dolag et al. 2004....

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NUMERICAL
SET-UP

CONCENTRATION

SPARSITY

PROSPECTS

1 NUMERICAL SET-UP

2 CONCENTRATION

3 SPARSITY

4 PROSPECTS

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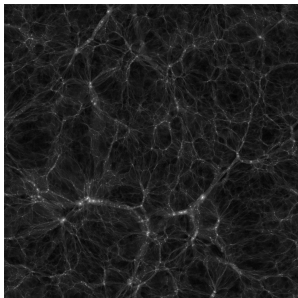
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DEUS SIMULATIONS

- ▶ multiple box-sizes and resolutions
- ▶ large mass range
- ▶ several cosmological models

see www.deus-consortium.org

Ideal set-up to study imprints of cosmology on non-linear structure formation, and in particular on halo profiles.

In this study, (mostly) box of 162 Mpc and $N_{part} = 512^3$.

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HALO FINDER

Spherical OverDensity (SOD)

Friend of Friend (FoF)

For each halo we obtain: M_{200} , r_{200} , c , χ^2

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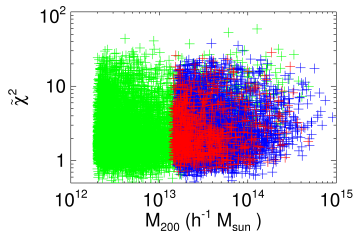
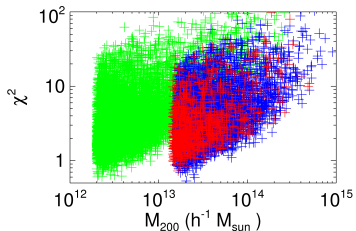
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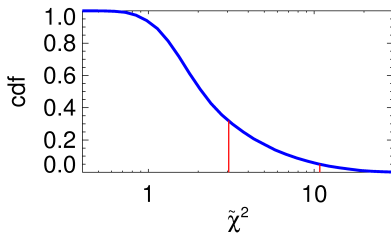
SPARSITY

PROSPECTS



NUMERICAL EFFECTS ON χ^2

Renormalization: $\tilde{\chi}^2 = \chi^2 / \sqrt{n_{\text{part}}}$
 $\tilde{\chi}^2$ independent of the resolution



3 HALO GROUPS

- ▶ Halos fitted to within 1σ : 68 %
- ▶ Halos fitted to within 2σ : 95 %
- ▶ Halos ill-fitted: 5%

$\tilde{\chi}^2$ limits vary with cosmology and redshift.

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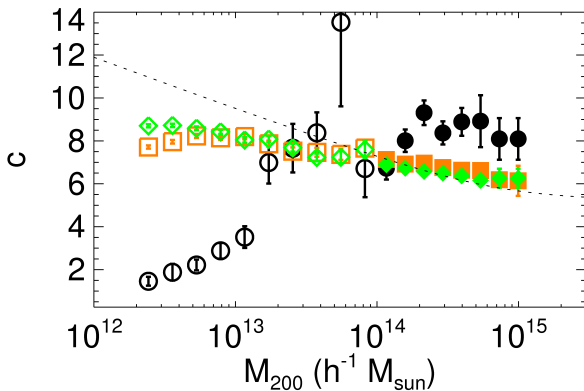
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CONCENTRATION

SPARSITY

PROSPECTS

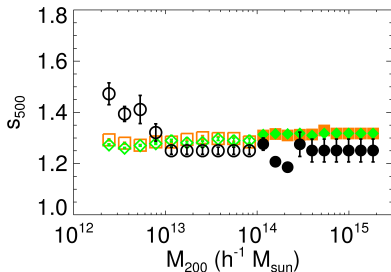


Great variations among the different groups. Find a more stable parameter?

SPARSITY

$$s_{\Delta} = \frac{M_{200}}{M_{\Delta}}$$

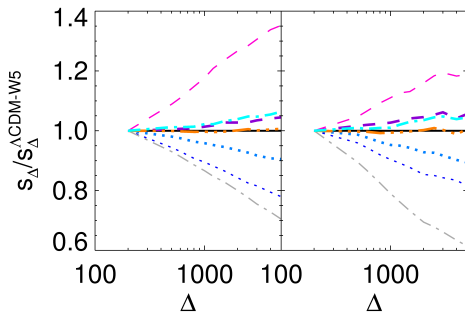
- ▶ no fitting required
- ▶ (nearly) independent of the halo mass



⇒ Consistency relation between s_{Δ} and the mass functions

$$\int \frac{1}{M_{\Delta}} \frac{dn}{d \ln M_{\Delta}} d \ln M_{\Delta} = s_{\Delta} \int \frac{1}{M_{200}} \frac{dn}{d \ln M_{200}} d \ln M_{200}$$

VARIATION WITH THE COSMOLOGY OF s_{Δ}



pink: $\Omega_{\Lambda} = 0$
 blue: $\Omega_{\Lambda} = 0.9$
 grey: toy-model
 Ratra-Peebles
 cyan: realistic
 Ratra-Peebles
 violet:
 Λ CDM-WMAP3
 orange:
 SuperGravity

Cosmological variations linked to σ_8 and D_+

- ▶ the higher D_+ , the lower s_{Δ}
- ▶ the higher σ_8 , the lower s_{Δ}

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- ▶ confrontation to observations
- ▶ 2D sparsity
- ▶ DEUS FUR data

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LARGE SET OF UNIVERSE VOLUMES (+ 25 SIMULATIONS)

HIGH SPATIAL RESOLUTION AND MASS: $2.5 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$ to $10.4 h^{-1} \text{Gpc}$, $2.5 \cdot 10^8 h^{-1} M_{\odot}$ to $10^{16} h^{-1} M_{\odot}$

INITIAL REDSHIFT DEEP IN LINEAR REGIME

Box Size	Force Resolution	Mass Resolution	Number of Particles	Initial Redshift	Cosmological Models	Supercomputer (Nb of Proc)
$162 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$	$2.5 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$	$\sim 2 \cdot 10^9 h^{-1} M_{\odot}$	512^3	~ 90	ΛCDM , SUCDM, RPCDM	Titane (64)
$162 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$	$2.5 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$	$\sim 2.5 \cdot 10^8 h^{-1} M_{\odot}$	1024^3	~ 130	ΛCDM , SUCDM, RPCDM	Blue Gene/P(4096)
$648 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$	$20 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$	$\sim 1.5 \cdot 10^{11} h^{-1} M_{\odot}$	512^3	~ 55	ΛCDM , SUCDM, RPCDM	-
$648 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$	$10 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$	$\sim 1.75 \cdot 10^{10} h^{-1} M_{\odot}$	1024^3	~ 90	ΛCDM , SUCDM, RPCDM	Blue Gene/P(4096)
$648 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$	$5 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$	$\sim 2 \cdot 10^9 h^{-1} M_{\odot}$	2048^3	~ 90	ΛCDM , RPCDM	Blue Gene/P(32768)
$1296 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$	$40 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$	$\sim 1 \cdot 10^{12} h^{-1} M_{\odot}$	512^3	~ 40	ΛCDM , SUCDM, RPCDM	-
$2592 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$	$40 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$	$\sim 1 \cdot 10^{12} h^{-1} M_{\odot}$	1024^3	~ 55	ΛCDM , SUCDM, RPCDM	Blue Gene/P(4096)
$2592 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$	$20 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$	$\sim 1.5 \cdot 10^{11} h^{-1} M_{\odot}$	2048^3	~ 55	ΛCDM , RPCDM	Blue Gene/P(24576)
$5184 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$	$40 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$	$\sim 1 \cdot 10^{12} h^{-1} M_{\odot}$	2048^3	~ 40	ΛCDM , RPCDM	Blue Gene/P(24576)
$10368 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$	$40 h^{-1} \text{kpc}$	$\sim 1 \cdot 10^{12} h^{-1} M_{\odot}$	4096^3	~ 40	ΛCDM	Curie Fat Nodes (9728)